

If you can't read this, move closer!

**BUILD EASILY
EXTENSIBLE
PEARL PROGRAMS
(AKA PLUGINS GALORE!)**

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Not Extensible

- I made an smtp server in Perl
- People loved hacking it
- How not to extend a program

```
if ($config->{something}) {  
    $self->some_feature;  
    return if $self->but_it_failed;  
}  
elsif (...) {  
    ...  
}
```

More than one way to do it

- Among others ...
 - Hooks
 - Delegation
 - Mix-ins
- All useful
 - Use, mix & match as appropriate

Hooks

- The plugin registers with the program
 - “I can read image/png files”
 - “Tell me when the user enters a URL”
 - “Call me when a new connection is opened”
- Fine control
- Clear API
- Can be a pain to put in hook calls everywhere it's (possibly) needed

Delegation

- The program tells the plugin/extension/module
 - “You go take care of this stuff”
 - “you take care of the database connection”
 - “you parse the XML”
- Not so good for small tweaks and add-ons
- Inheritance is / can be a variation of this

Mix-ins

- Add methods into existing base classes
- Good for adding *new* stuff to frameworks
- Not so good for changing how something works
- Usually not good for application plugins

Class::DBI::Plugin

- Class::DBI::Plugin will pull `method_name` into the Class::DBI namespace

```
Package Class::DBI::Plugin::MyPlugin;  
use base 'Class::DBI::Plugin';
```

```
sub init {  
    my $class = shift;  
    $class->columns( TEMP => ... );  
}
```

```
sub method_name : Plugged {  
    my $class = shift;  
    ...  
}
```

```
sub this_method_is_not_exported {}
```

CGI::Application plugins

- Just exports methods into your namespace

```
package CGI::Application::Plugin::Session;  
require Exporter;
```

```
@EXPORT = qw(session);  
sub import { goto &Exporter::import }
```

```
sub session {  
    my $self = shift;  
    ...  
}
```


Multiple Inheritance

- No encapsulation, no privacy
- Hard to keep separation between your plugin and everything else
- Too easy to shoot yourself in the foot
- Don't do it.
- Use delegation
- (Catalyst is using MI and they are happy)

qpsmtpd

- Started in 2001 for perl.org
- “The mod_perl of email”
- Super flexible smtp daemon
- Receive SMTP only
- Used by perl.org, lists.mysql.com, apache.org, several of the Really Big spamtraps

qpsmtpd v0.10 (late 2001)

- Make it **easy** to extend and change the program
- I knew mod_perl and the Apache API all too well
 - sharing some concepts from there
 - “Hooks” and return codes
- qpsmtpd is MIT/X licensed; so borrow away!

Dog food

- Move as much as possible into plugins
- Only keep the basic functionality in the application
- By lines of code qpsmtpd is 50% “core” and 50% plugins – and we rarely add to the core
- Except for making it easier to create more powerful plugins

The first plugin

- Print a funny message when the client disconnects

```
sub quit_hook {
    my $qp = shift->qp;

    my $fortune = '/usr/games/fortune';
    return DECLINED unless -e $fortune;

    my @fortune = ` $fortune -s`;
    @fortune = map { chop; s/^/ \/ /; $_ } @fortune;

    $qp->respond(221, $qp->config('me')
        . " closing connection.", @fortune);

    return DONE;
}
```

quit plugin in action

- `edit config/plugins`
`add plugins/quit_fortune`
- `telnet localhost 25`
...
> `QUIT`
< `221-mary.developer.com closing connection.`
< `221- / Nobody said computers were`
< `221 / going to be polite.`
`Connection closed by foreign host.`

Plugin mechanisms

- Clear API
- Separation of concerns
- `if ($foo_on) { run_foo() }`
sucks because it's too intermingled!
- Change the internals without changing the plugins
- Make a plugin without understanding all (or much!) of the internals
- Make it easy (and fun!) to write plugins

Another plugin example

- Make a note of the clients country for use by other plugins ... This is the full plugin! (apart from POD)

```
my $geoip = Geo::IP->new(GEOIP_STANDARD);

sub hook_connect {
    my ($self) = @_;

    my $country = $geoip->country_code_by_addr(
        $self->qp->connection->remote_ip
    );

    $self->qp->connection->notes('geoip_country', $country);
    $self->log(LOGNOTICE, "GeoIP Country: $country");

    return DECLINED;
}
```


Load plugins – I

- Convert plugin name “queue/postfix” to a package name (Qpsmtpd::Plugin::queue::postfix)

```
sub load_plugins {
    ...
    for my $plugin_line (@plugins) {
        my $plugin_name = $plugin;
        $plugin =~ s/:\d+$/;          # after this point, only used for filename

        # Escape everything into valid perl identifiers
        $plugin_name =~ s/([^\A-Za-z0-9_\])/sprintf("_%2x",unpack("C",$1))/eg;

        # second pass cares for slashes and words starting with a digit
        $plugin_name =~ s{
            (/+)          # directory
            (\d?)        # package's first character
        }[
            "::" . (length $2 ? sprintf("_%2x",unpack("C",$2)) : "")
        ]egx;

        my $package = "Qpsmtpd::Plugin::$plugin_name";
```

Load plugins – 2

- Call the compilation method
- Create a new object of the plugin we just loaded and compiled!

```
# don't reload plugins if they are already loaded
unless ( defined &{"${package}::plugin_name" } ) {
    Qpsmtpd::Plugin->compile($plugin_name,
        $package, "$dir/$plugin", $self->{_test_mode});
}
```

```
my $plug = $package->new();
push @ret, $plug;
$plug->_register($self, @args);
```

```
}
```

```
return @ret;
```

```
}
```

Wrap and compile the plugin into its own package

- Read the plugin file ...

```
sub compile {
    my ($class, $plugin, $package, $file, $test_mode) = @_;

    my $sub;
    open F, $file or die "could not open $file: $!";
    {
        local $/ = undef;
        $sub = <F>;
    }
    close F;
}
```

- Wrap the plugin into the package
- Compile it with eval
- Now it's Qpsmtpd::Plugin::geoip; inheriting from Qpsmtpd::Plugin!

Compile plugin 2

```
my $line = "\n#line 0 $file\n";
my $eval = join(
    "\n",
    "package $package;",
    'use Qpsmtpd::Constants;',
    "require Qpsmtpd::Plugin;",
    'use vars qw(@ISA);',
    'use strict;',
    '@ISA = qw(Qpsmtpd::Plugin);',
    "sub plugin_name { qq[$plugin] }",
    "sub hook_name { return shift->{_hook}; }",
    $line,
    $sub,
    "\n", # last line comment without newline?
);

eval $eval;
die "eval $@" if $@;
```

Wrapped Plugin

- Let's look at it without the noise

```
package Qpsmtpd::Plugin::geoip;
use Qpsmtpd::Constants;
require Qpsmtpd::Plugin;
use vars qw(@ISA);
use strict;
@ISA = qw(Qpsmtpd::Plugin);
sub plugin_name { qq[$plugin] }
sub hook_name { return shift->{_hook}; }
#line 0 plugins/geoip
... here goes the plugin code ...
```

register() vs Method names (\$hook . “_hook”)

- We used to have the plugin call register (a Qpsmtpd::Plugin method) to activate hooks for the plugin

```
sub register {  
    shift->register_hook("data", 'method');  
}
```

- Now you can just name the method appropriately and it'll be called automatically

register the named methods

```
sub _register_standard_hooks {  
    my ($plugin, $qp) = @_;  
  
    for my $hook (@hooks) {  
        my $hooksub = "hook_$hook";  
        $hooksub    =~ s/\W/_/g;  
        $plugin->register_hook( $hook, $hooksub )  
            if ( $plugin->can($hooksub) );  
    }  
}
```

`_register_hook`

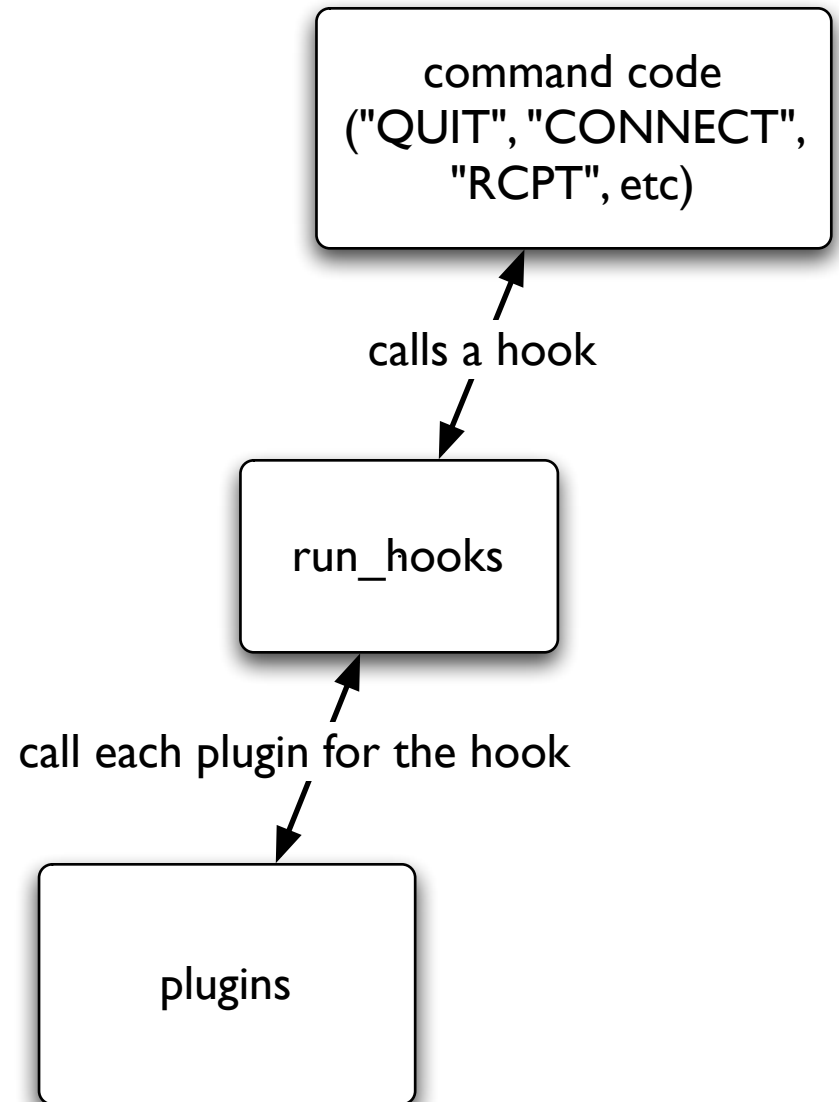
- In the `Qpsmtpd` module, called from `Qpsmtpd::Plugin`

```
sub _register_hook {
    my $self = shift;
    my ($hook, $code, $unshift) = @_;

    my $hooks = $self->{hooks};
    if ($unshift) {
        unshift @{$hooks->{$hook}}, $code;
    }
    else {
        push @{$hooks->{$hook}}, $code;
    }
}
```


How we run the plugins

- “command code” or event trigger calls a hook
- run_hooks runs the plugins
- each plugin return a status code



Call a plugin

- The quit command runs all configured “quit” hooks
- Return the default message unless a hook said it was “done”

```
sub quit {  
    my $self = shift;  
    my ($rc, $msg) = $self->run_hooks("quit");  
    if ($rc != DONE) {  
        $self->respond(221, $self->config('me')  
            . " closing connection. Have a wonderful day.");  
    }  
    $self->disconnect();  
}
```

Complex Command

RCPT TO: <ask@perl.org>
sub rcpt { ... }

```
if ($rc == DONE) {
    return 1;
}
elsif ($rc == DENY) {
    $msg ||= 'relaying denied';
    $self->respond(550, $msg);
}
elsif ($rc == DENYSOFT) {
    $msg ||= 'relaying denied';
    return $self->respond(450, $msg);
}
elsif ($rc == DENY_DISCONNECT) {
    $msg ||= 'delivery denied';
    $self->log(LOGINFO, "delivery denied ($msg)");
    $self->respond(550, $msg);
    $self->disconnect;
}
elsif ($rc == DENYSOFT_DISCONNECT) {
    $msg ||= 'relaying denied';
    $self->log(LOGINFO, "delivery denied ($msg)");
    $self->respond(421, $msg);
    $self->disconnect;
}
elsif ($rc == OK) {
    $self->respond(250, $rcpt->format . ", recipient ok");
    return $self->transaction->add_recipient($rcpt);
}
else {
    return $self->respond(450, "No plugin decided if relaying is allowed");
}
return 0;
```

run_hooks

- Run all plugins configured for a hook
 - Until one of them says DENY/OK/DONE/...

```
sub run_hooks {
  my ($self, $hook) = (shift, shift);
  my $hooks = $self->{hooks};
  if ($hooks->{$hook}) {
    my @r;
    for my $code (@{$hooks->{$hook}}) {
      eval { (@r) = $code->{code}->($self, $self->transaction, @_); };
      $@ and $self->log(LOGCRIT, "FATAL PLUGIN ERROR: ", $@)
        and next;
      last unless $r[0] == DECLINED;
    }
    $r[0] = DECLINED if not defined $r[0];
    return @r;
  }
  return (0, '');
}
```

run_hooks 2

- Actually, that was a lie
- run_hooks is more complicated now
- Supports logging hooks (uh, deep recursion!)
- Split into run_hooks and run_hook
- qpsmtpd runs (optionally) in an event driven framework so it support continuations

Run hooks on hooks!

- More complexity from run_hooks we skipped!
- You can “hook” a plugin into return values from other hooks!

```
if ($r[0] == DENY
    or $r[0] == DENYSOFT
    or ... )
{
    $r[1] = "" if not defined $r[1];
    $self->log(LOGDEBUG, "Plugin " . $code->{name}....);
        . ", hook $hook returned "
        . return_code($r[0])
        . ", $r[1]"
    );
    $self->run_hooks("deny", $code->{name}, $r[0], $r[1])
        unless ($hook eq "deny");
}
else { ... $self->run_hooks("ok") ... }
```

Inherit from another plugin!

- Change how plugins work!
- Change return codes, run plugins conditionally

```
sub init {  
    my ($self, $qp) = @_;  
    $self->isa_plugin('greylisting');  
}
```

```
sub hook_rcpt {  
    my $self = shift;  
    my $c = $self->qp->connection->notes('geoip_country') || '';  
    $self->SUPER::hook_rcpt( @_ )  
    if $c eq 'cn'; # only do greylisting on hosts from China  
}
```

THANK YOU



- Now go build programs with plug-ins!
- Questions?
- qpsmtpd
 - <http://smtpd.developer.com/>
 - <http://svn.perl.org/qpsmtpd/>
- <http://developer.com/talks/>
- ask@developer.com or ask@perl.org